

## OpenEMIS MDG Indicators

<b>Goal 2: Achieve universal primary education</b>					
<b>Target 2.A: Ensure that, by 2015, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling</b>					
<b>No</b>	<b>Indicator</b>	<b>Code</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Subgroup</b>	<b>Metadata</b>
2.1	Net enrolment ratio in primary education	NER	Ratio	Sex Area Locality Grade	Divide the number of pupils (or students) enrolled who are of the official age group for a given level of education by the population for the same age group and multiply the result by 100. This indicator has dimension values of sex, locality and grade.
2.2	Proportion of pupils starting grade 1 who reach last grade of primary (Survival Rate)	SR	Rate	Sex Area Locality Sector	Divide the total number of pupils belonging to a school-cohort who reached each successive grade of the specified level of education by the number of pupils in the school-cohort i.e. those originally enrolled in the first grade of primary education, and multiply the result by 100. The survival rate is calculated on the basis of the reconstructed cohort method, which uses data on enrolment and repeaters for two consecutive years. This indicator has dimension values of sex, locality and sector.
2.3	Literacy rate of 15-24 year-olds, women and men	LR	Rate	Sex Area Locality	Divide the number of people aged 15 to 24 years who are literate by the total population in the same age group and multiply the result by 100. This indicator has dimension values of sex, locality, sector and grade.

Note: Subgroup values are sex (male/female), locality (urban/rural), and sector (public/private)